Incremental Costs, Measurable Savings: The Enterprise **Green Communities** Criteria











April 21, 2010



The Next Generation. For Every Generation.

Enterprise



A leading provider of the development capital and expertise it takes to make sure that every American has the opportunity to live in a decent home.

- Enterprise works with investors, developers, government and grass roots organizations across the country
- Enterprise, in aggregate, is currently investing in communities at a rate of nearly \$1 billion a year.
- Enterprise's nearly \$9 billion investment in communities over the past 25 years has produced over 240,000 affordable homes and provided opportunity for those
- ² most in need.

Enterprise Green Communities



In 2004, Enterprise launched <u>Green Communities</u> with a bold aspiration to prove that:

- Green affordable housing can deliver health, economic and environmental benefits to residents.
- Green and affordable can be one and the same.

Keeping Families Healthy



"All we've ever wanted was to be able to provide for our children. To give them a nice place to grow up. We can do that here . . . Since we moved here, we've all been so much healthier. Every day, I'm like, 'Thank you, thank you, thank you.' Living here has been so positive for my family."

Nicki Alhagi, Oleson Woods Resident Portland, OR

Giving Developers New Tools



"It is easy to be green. [We] will help revitalize our economy by making energy efficiency practices more affordable, accessible and achievable by consumers, businesses and government entities. By prioritizing energy efficiency practices, we can ease the woes of homeowners, lenders, financial markets, builders and our environment."

- Representative Ed Perlmutter (D-Colo)

Results at Work ND ID SD WY NE NV KS KY OK AR MS

Green Communities Criteria



Intent of Evaluation Efforts



- Assist developers understand costs of going green;
- Share methods to go greener; and
- Ensure the realization of health, economic and environmental benefits.



Process

To measure the financial benefit from reduced utility costs over the life of the housing, Enterprise:

- Developed and administered survey of project managers of Green Communities developments to collect data points on costs and utility savings
- Shared results with project managers to quality assure results
- Worked with property owners and various utility companies to collect actual utility data of a subset of projects to verify energy and water savings



Methodology

To determine the projected and actual costeffectiveness of green criteria, the following data were needed:

- Incremental construction costs to meet criteria
- Predicted operational savings
- Comparisons of actual utility usage to predicted usage



Incremental Costs

Incremental Cost: Cost premium to meet the Green Communities Criterion as compared to developer's standard practice.

- Incremental costs to meet each Green Communities
 Criteria were self-reported by developers
- Comparisons were normalized by square footage
- Outliers were investigated



Incremental Cost to Meet Enterprise Green Criteria: SEnergy Water All Other Communities Criteria (\$/Sq.Ft.) Incremental Cost (per square foot) **NEW** Multifamily \$6 \$8 \$10 \$12 514 \$16 518 275 10th Street Fox Courts Madrone Plaza Arnett Watson Apartments Colo. Central Park at Stapleton Renaissance Riverfront Lofts Mass. Trolley Square Mich. Agnes Street Apartments Kingsbury Place Minn. New San Marco Apartments Ewing Independent Living N.J. Chuska Apartments N.M. N.Y. Decatur Green David & Joyce Dinkins Gardens Powelton Heights Pa. Roanoke-Lee Street Va. Wash. Pear Tree Place Riverwalk Point II Wis. Parmenter Circle **NEW** Single Family Calif. City Green Residences Living On Track Ore. REHAB Multifamily Calif. The Essex D.C. Galon Terrace

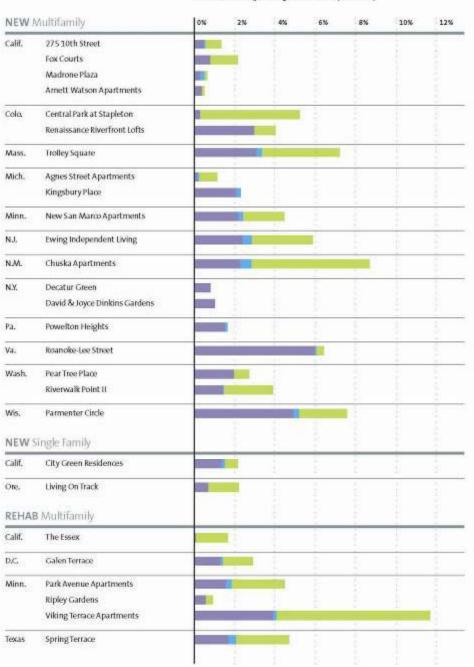
Minn.

Texas

Park Avenue Apartments Ripley Gardens Viking Terrace Apartments

SpringTerrace

Incremental Cost (percentage of total development cost)



Annual Operational Savings:

Reductions in energy and water usage between the development as designed to meet the Green Communities criteria and the same development as designed to meet the local construction code.

Cost-effectiveness determined only for Green Communities Energy and Water criteria

Energy & Water Criteria Evaluated					
4.1	Water Conserving Appliances & Fixtures				
5.1	Efficient Energy Use				
5.2	Energy Star Appliances				
5.3	Efficient Lighting				
5.4	Electricity Meter				
5.5	Additional Reductions in Energy Use				
5.6	Photovoltaic (PV) Panels				



Built energy simulation models

- Consistent energy savings data
- Savings by fuel-type and by end-use
- Tracking and comparison to actual postconstruction utility bills



Procedure for energy simulation models:

- Hourly simulation software
- Envelope, HVAC, DHW, and lighting all taken from submitted drawings
- Usage schedules and plugloads consistent with affordable housing retrofit audit data and multifamily audit program guidelines



Procedure for water savings calculations:

- Water fixture and appliance performance submitted by developer in Survey
- Usage schedules consistent with affordable housing retrofit audit data



What baseline should be used for comparison?





Baseline for determining energy savings:

- Local construction code, as reported by the developer in Survey
- HVAC and DHW efficiencies taken from ASHRAE 90.1–1999
- Usage schedules and plugloads equal to the asdesigned development



Baseline for determining water savings:

- EPAct 1992
- Usage schedules equal to the as-designed development

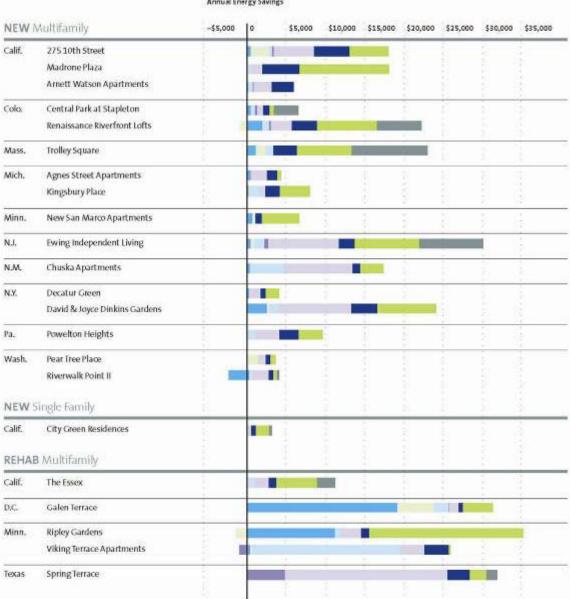


Annual Energy Savings for Meeting All Green Communities Energy Criteria (% over Baseline) Criteria: Brergy Savings (not including appliances & lighting) Efficient Lighting Renewable Electricity Energy Savings (percentage over baseline) **NEW** Multifamily 1.0% 20% 30% 40% 50% 60% Calif. 275 10th Street Fox Courts Madrone Plaza Arnett Watson Apartments Colo. Central Park at Stapleton Renaissance Riverfront Lofts: Mass. Trolley Square Mich. Agnes Street Apartments Kingsbury Place New San Marco Apartments Minn. N.I. Ewing Independent Living N.M. Chuska Apartments N.Y. Decatur Green David & Joyce Dinkins Gardens Powelton Heights Pa. Roanoke-Lee Street Va. Wash, Pear Tree Place Riverwalk Point II Wis. Parmenter Girde **NEW Single Family** Calif. City Green Residences Ore. Living On Track REHAB Multifamily Calif. The Essex D.C. Galen Terrace Park Avenue Apartments Minn. Ripley Gardens Viking Terrace Apartments Spring Terrace Texas

Breakdown of Predicted Annual Energy Savings for Developments Modeled with TREAT



Annual Energy Savings



Predicted Annual Water Usage Savings Over Baseline for Meeting Enterprise Green Communities Criteria 4-1 (% of Usage)

Water Savings (percentage of baseline usage)

		Water	Water Savings (percentage of baseline usage)					
NEW /	Multifamily	0%	10%	20%	30%	40%	50%	
Calif.	275 10th Street	V		-	- 1		- 1	
	Fox Courts						-	
	Madrone Plaza		N.					
	Arnett Watson Apartments							
Colo.	Central Park at Stapleton				1	i i	1	
	Renaissance Riverfront Lofts							
Mass.	Trolley Square		1		1		1	
Mich.	Agnes Street Apartments		20		i i	i	i	
	Kingsbury Place		55					
Minn.	New San Marco Apartments				1	i	1	
N.J.	Ewing Independent Living		- 1		9	i i		
N.M.	Chuska Apartments		1		5		1	
			6) 2)		2	10	1	
N.Y.	Decatur Green		2		2			
	David & Joyce Dinkins Gardens			-			1	
Pa.	Powelton Heights		4	ij	ji	i	1	
Va.	Roanoke-Lee Street		5)	3	-	i	i	
Wash.	Pear Tree Place		4		1	-	1	
wasii.	Riverwalk Point II		14.					
			-	- 1		į		
Wis.	Parmenter Circle		10	,				
NEW S	Single Family		1		il a	1	1	
Calif.	City Green Residences					-		
Ore.	Living On Track			1	2 10	1	1	
oie.	Living On Hack		27					
REHAE	3 Multifamily							
Calif.	The Essex				i.	i	9	
D.C.	Galen Terrace				1	1		
Minn.	Park Avenue Apartments		-1	*	j.	i	-	
	Ripley Gardens		ji.	1			i	
	Viking Terrace Apartments		24		1 3		1	
			2		1	-	-	
Texas	SpringTerrace							



Predicted vs Actual Performance

Tracking post-construction performance

- Measure 'actual savings'
- High-level feedback if building is performing as designed



Predicted vs Actual Performance

For Energy:

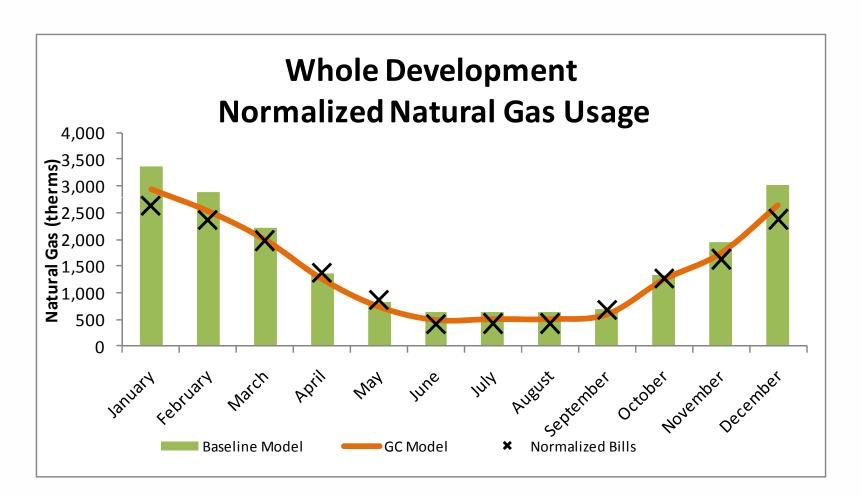
- Weather normalized consumption compared
- Utility bills regressed and normalized with TMY2 weather
- Monthly resolution for energy model predictions and utility bills

For Water:

Average annual consumption compared

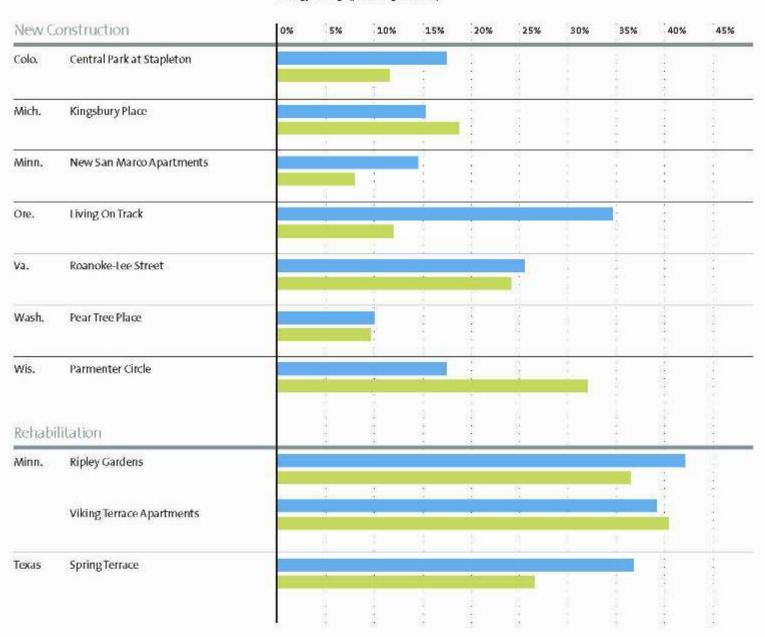


Predicted vs Actual Performance

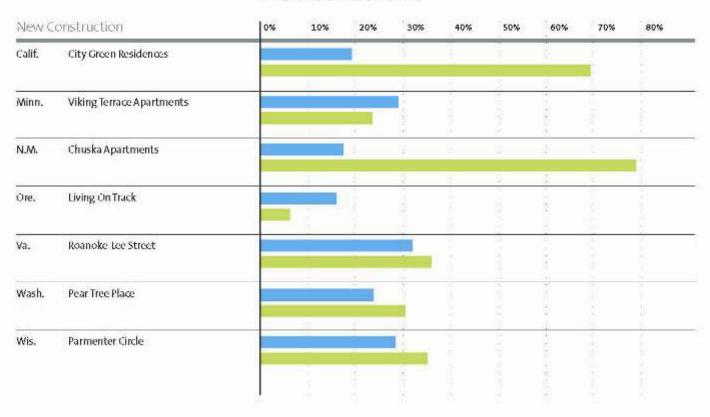




Energy Savings (percentage of BTUs)



Energy Savings (percentage of gallons)



Report Findings





Incremental Cost, Measurable Savings: Enterprise Green Communities Criteria

By Dana Bourland

In 2009, Enterprise released report evaluating cost effectiveness of the Green Communities Criteria, *Incremental Cost, Measurable Savings*

- Estimated lifetime savings exceed the initial investment of incorporating Green Communities Criteria into affordable housing
- Direct savings come from energy and water conservation measures

Key Findings

Cost to incorporate the Green Criteria	Projected "Lifetime" Utility Cost Savings				
\$4,524 per dwelling unit	\$4,851 per dwelling unit				

- Average cost per unit to meet Energy and Water Criteria = \$1,917
- Energy and water efficiency measures paid for themselves as well as produced \$2,900 in projected per-unit lifetime savings.



Key Findings

Construction Type	Costs	<u>Savings</u>
Moderate Rehab (does not include major systems replacement)	Moderate Rehab projects had the lowest cost premium for compliance	For Moderate Rehab projects, the predicted lifetime savings are two times the cost premium, providing them the highest return on investment of any subset of the 27 projects surveyed
Substantial Rehab (includes major systems replacement such as HVAC, plumbing and electrical systems)	Substantial Rehab projects had the highest cost premium for compliance	Substantial Rehab properties are projected to have remarkably high lifetime utility cost savings



Key Findings

- Projects located in Oregon and Washington state reported <u>no</u> cost premiums for meeting the Green Communities Criteria
- Larger cost premiums were associated with providing adequate ventilation and improving energy efficiency
- The 15 supportive housing projects in our survey had the highest predicted lifetime savings, while the three projects with for-sale homes had the lowest.
- On average, low-tech roof-water harvesting systems yielded modest costs, while potentially offering significant future savings

Conservation Measures = Utility Savings

Implementing the following conservation measures produced dramatic utility cost savings:

- Building to Energy Star standards or better
- Installing all energy improvements with a 10-year or better payback for moderate rehabilitation projects
- Installing Energy Star lighting and appliances
- Individually metering electricity for rental dwelling units (except supportive housing) to encourage conservation
- Installing water-conserving appliances and fixtures



Quickest Payback = Water Conservation

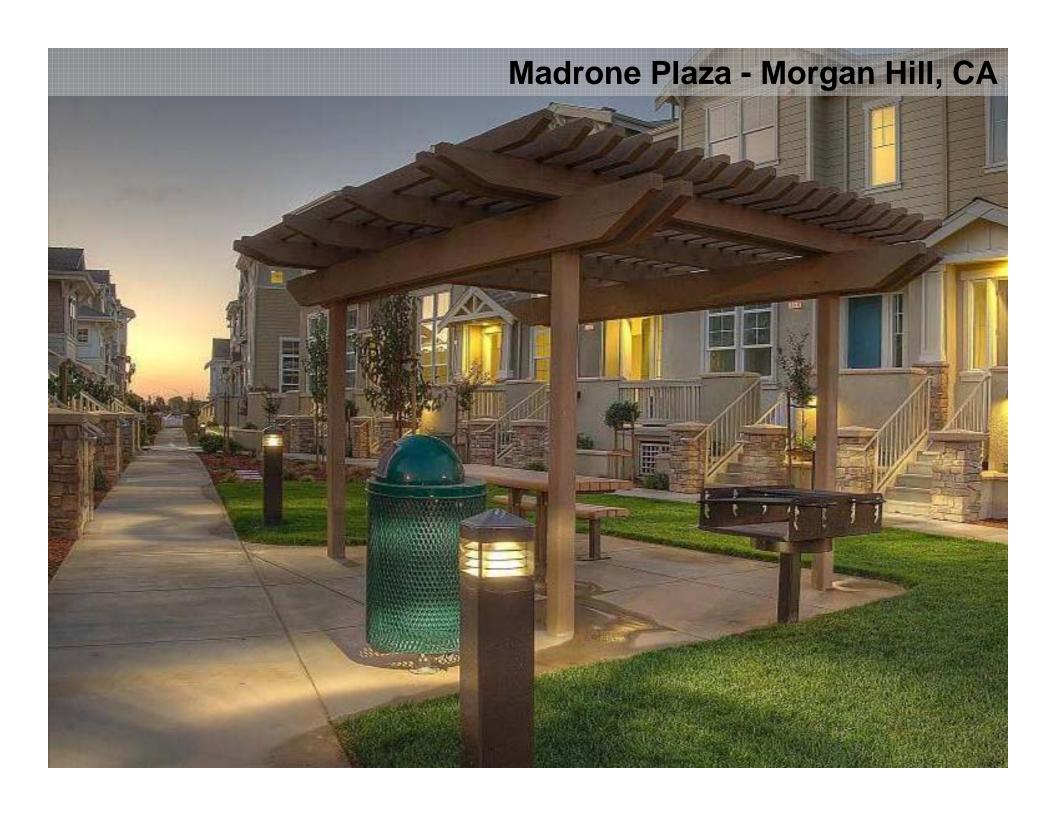






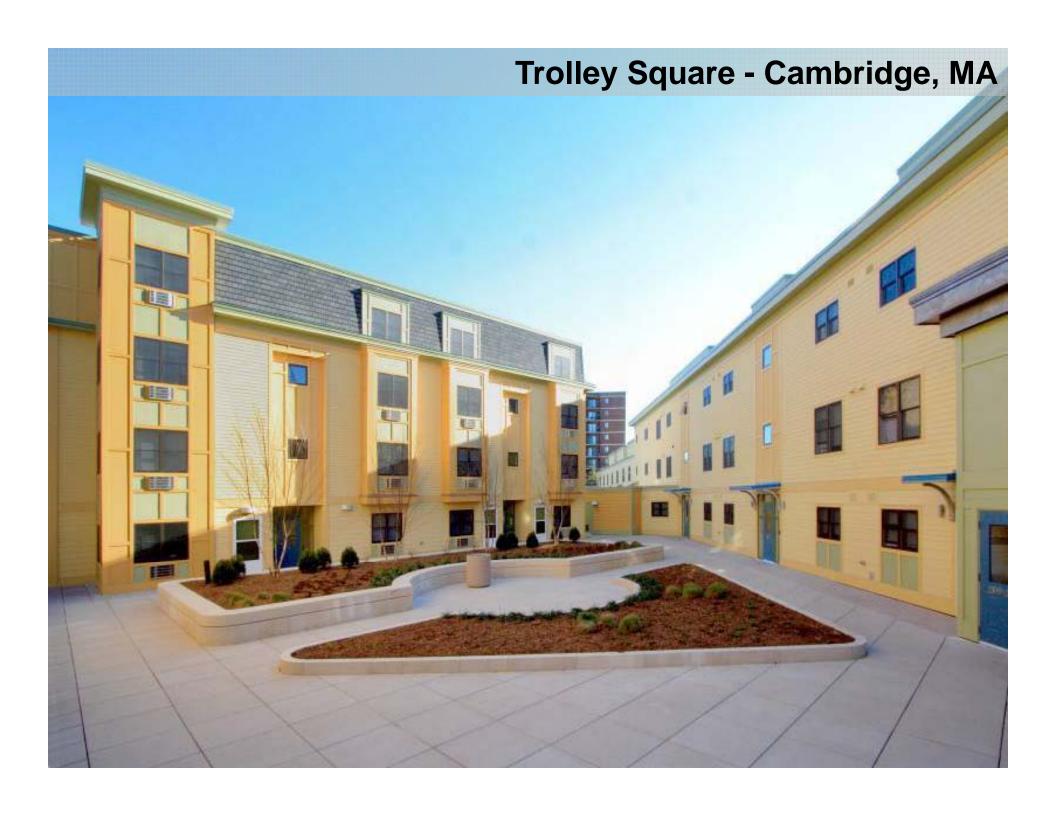
- Installing water-conserving fixtures and appliances result in a very high returns on investment in terms of utility cost savings.
 - Average savings of \$352 to \$935 per home, versus average cost premium of \$80 per home.
 - In simple payback terms, the investment is recouped in 2 to 3 years.

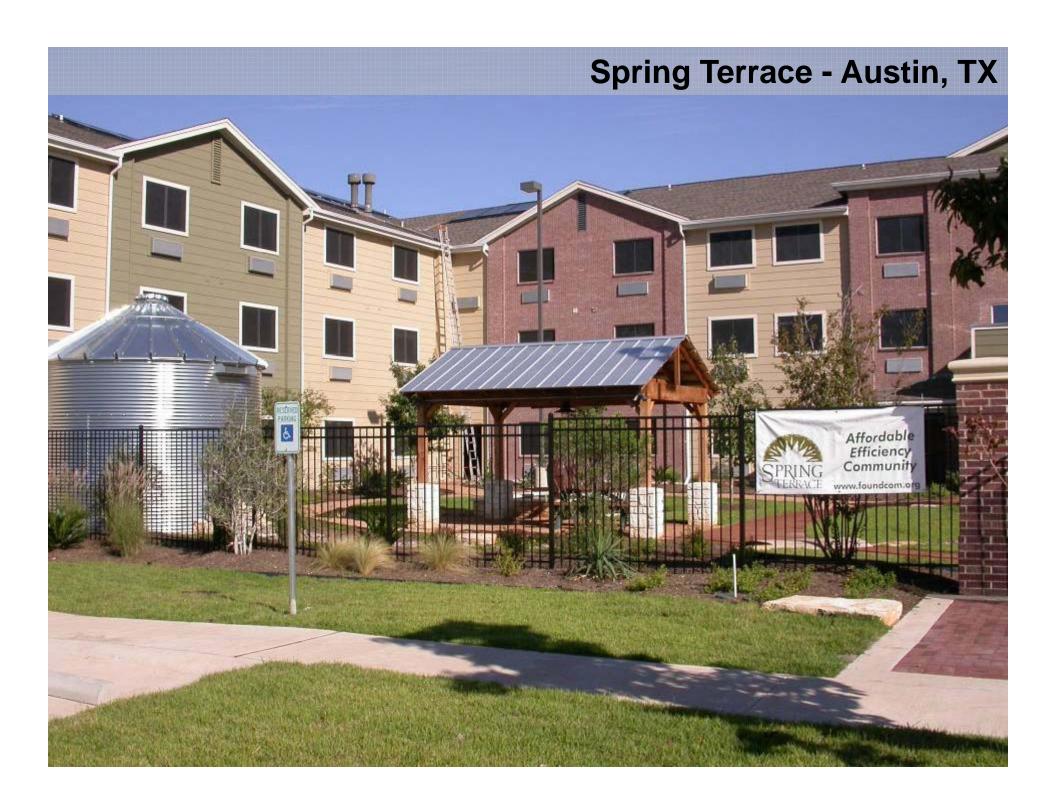




Central Park at Stapleton – Denver, CO





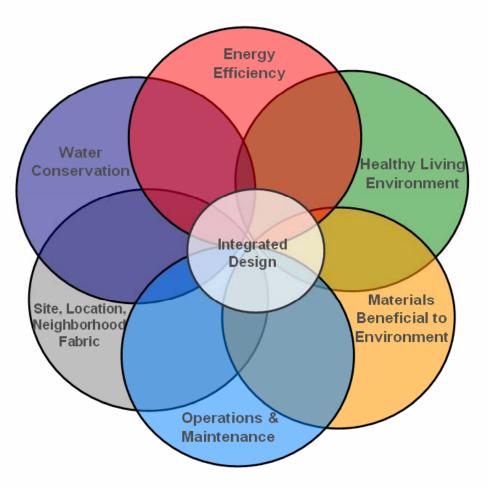




- Start early, Be comprehensive
- Engage members of the development & operations team

Average Cost:

Range: \$5K - \$10K





- Criteria found in the plans and specs were found in the buildings
 95% of the time.
- Criteria NOT found in the plans or specs were found in the buildings 37% of the time.



2.02 PAINTS AND COATINGS - GENERAL

- A. Paints and Coatings: Ready mixed, except field-catalyzed coatings. Prepare pigments:
 - 1. To a soft paste consistency, capable of being readily and uniformly dispersed to a
- 12. The following sign is to be made and prominently posted on the job site. It is the responsibility of the general contractor to ensure that his labor force, all subcontractors and their labor forces, all suppliers, and other visitors be made aware of these rules and follow them at all times. Sign to be posted:
 - a. This building house is being constructed as a healthy building. Only specified products and procedures may be used.
 - Alternatives to specified materials must be approved in writing by the owner and /or architect prior to use. If in doubt, contact the general contractor.
 - C. Chemical Content: The following compounds are prohibited:
 - Aromatic Compounds: In excess of 1.0 percent by weight of total aromatic compounds (hydrocarbon compounds containing one or more benzene rings).
 - Acrolein, acrylonitrile, antimony, benzene, butyl benzyl phthalate, cadmium, di (2-ethylhexyl) phthalate, di-n-butyl phthalate, di-n-octyl phthalate, 1,2-dichlorobenzene, diethyl phthalate, dimethyl phthalate, ethylbenzene, formaldehyde, hexavalent chromium, isophorone, lead, mercury, methyl ethyl ketone, methyl isobutyl ketone, methylene chloride, naphthalene, toluene (methylbenzene), 1,1,1-trichloroethane, vinyl chloride.



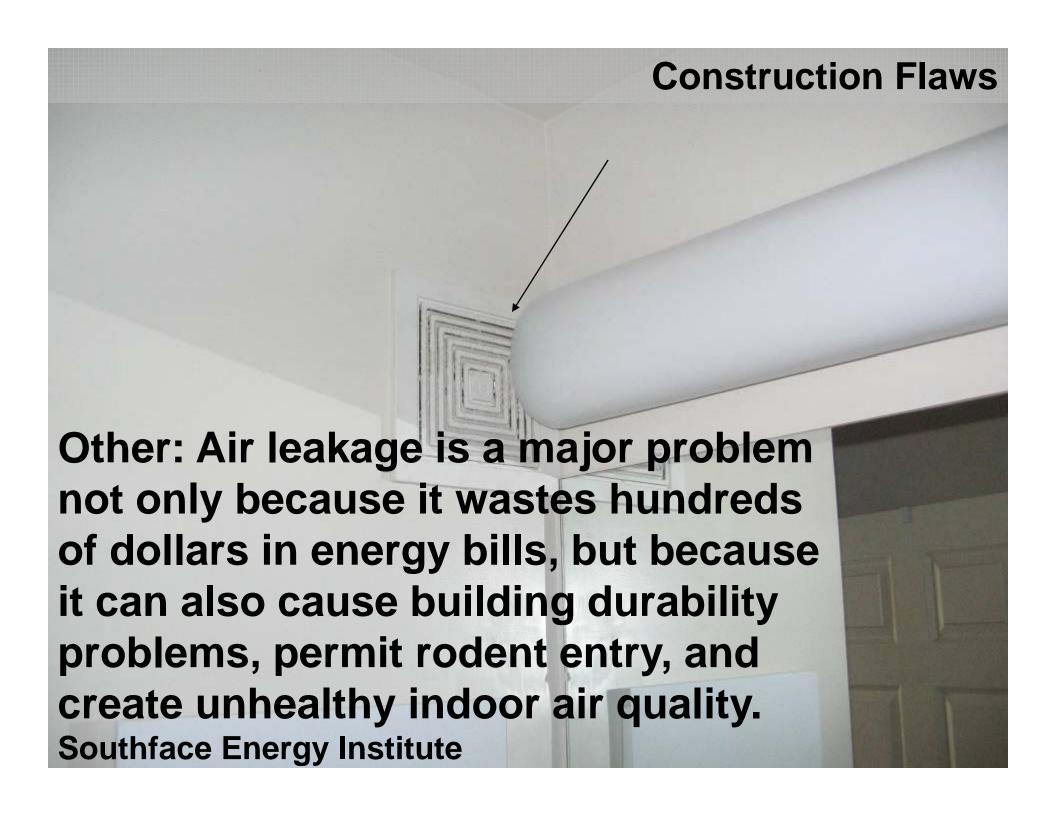
Duct Blaster



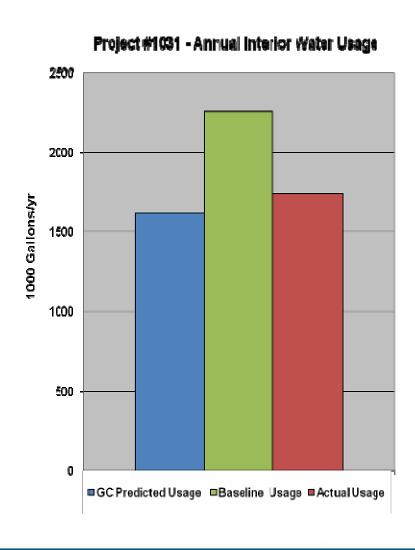
Bathroom Exhaust Fan

Through performance testing, we found higher than expected duct leakage in ten projects.

- Air leakage can be more difficult and more costly to correct after construction is complete.
- In 2 projects, residents were the first to notify property staff about the leakage because they experienced drafts and discomfort in their apartments and were turning up the thermostats to compensate.
- We recommend that a local building performance specialist be hired on a routine basis to perform air sealing.



- Developers do not routinely track the costs associated with going green
- Property owners do not typically track electricity, gas and water usage.
- Residents seem most interested in having a healthier place to live.



Ongoing Resident Education



THE CENTRAL PARK ENERGY FLYOVER

North East Denver Housing Center

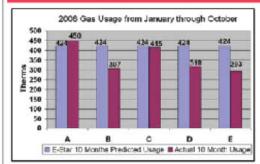
> December Unit 101

How Much Energy Have You Used?

Our Central Park @ Stapleton community focuses on sustainability! What does this mean? A part of being sustainable means SAVING ENERGY!! Northeast Denver gave you a head start by installing many energy efficient measures. We also had energy raters estimate the amount your Gas (Therms) and Electricity (Kwh or Kilowatt Hours) usage before you moved in. We used this to determine how much energy you should be using over the past 10 months. The good news! Many of you have "beat" the estimates and are using less energy than predicted!! The graphs below allow you to see how YOUR unit compares to the estimate.

Blue = Estimated Usage and Purple = How much you have used and other identical units.

Natural Gas Usage from January 2008 to October 2008



Your Unit A

Getting Better!! You have used 450 Therms, 26 more than predicted, but you have reduced the gap by 2 Therms since june.

Use the tips on the back of the newsletter to keep on saving energy!

Important Phone Numbers:

Maintenance Hotline: 303-377-6363

Continental Divide: 303-393-7368

Xcel Energy: 800-895-4999

Stapleton Master Community Association: 303-386-0724

Denver Police: (Non Emergency): 720-913-2000

Park Hill Library 303-331-4063

Poison Control: 303-739-1123

Upcoming Event!!!

Gingerbread House Workshop!

Electricity Usage from January 2008 to October 2008

	Electric	ty Used fr	om Jan. ti	rough O	ct. 2008
6000 -	5423	5423	5423	5423	5423
5000 -		1990	4751		_
Ď.	4189	4292		4076	

Your Unit A

Great Job!! You have used 4169 Killowatt Hours, 1,254

Tools: Resident Manual Template

TROLLEY SQUARE MANUAL PARA VIVIR "VERDE"



Preparado por: Jane Jones Mathias Rosenfeld

Traducción por: Madeline Fraser Cook New Ecology, Inc.

Homeowner's Rehab, Inc./Trolley Square LLC 2401 Massachusetts Avemue Cambridge, MA 02140 Telephone – (617) 491-5466 / Fax – (617) 497-9410





Template version

[Please read the attached memo on "Adapting and Customizing the Green O&M Manuals for Other Development Projects"]

HEALTHY HOME GUIDE for Residents of [INSERT Project Name]

[INSERT developer's name]

Tools: Operations and Maintenance Manual Template



Green Operations & Maintenance Manual for The New San Marco Apartments

Best Practices for a Healthy and High-Performance Building

Template manual

Green Operations & Maintenance Manual for [Project Name]

Best Practices for a Healthy and High-Performance Building

[INSERT PHOTOS/IMAGES OF PROJECT AND RELEVANT LOGOS FROM THE DEVELOPER, ETC.]

Green Operations & Maintenance Manual for [Project Name]

Green Communities Website Resources

Publications:

Incremental Cost, Measurable Savings

Source: http://www.enterprisenextgen.org/pdfform/form.php

Sharing the Benefits of Building Green – High Point Community Study

Source: http://www.practitionerresources.org/

Viking Terrace Case Study

Source: http://www.nchh.org/LinkClick.aspx?fileticket=fMvyBzNTHhc%3d&tabid=363

Breathe-Easy Homes Case Study

Source: http://www.practitionerresources.org/

Templates and Resources:

- Green Development Plan
- Resident Manual
- Operations and Maintenance Manual
- Green Single Family Rehabilitation Specifications

Source: http://www.greencommunitiesonline.org/tools/resources/index.asp

Thank you!



For more information:

Website: www.greencommunitiesonline.org

Mailbox: greencommunities@enterprisecommunity.org

















The Next Generation. For Every Generation.